# DEVANCO\*CANADA

19192 HAY ROAD, UNIT Q, SUMMERSTOWN, ON KOC 2E0
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# **SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)**FGS-634 FOOD GRADE SILICONE

# **SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION**

PRODUCT ID:..... FGS-634

SUPERSEDES DATE: ......JULY 2, 2019

DISTRIBUTOR'S INFORMATION:..... DEVANCO CANADA

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# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification

Aerosols - Category 1

Gases Under Pressure - Liquefied Gas

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

Eye Irritation - Category 2A

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) - Category 3

#### **Pictograms**









# **Signal Word**

Danger

# **Hazardous Statements - Physical**

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

# **Hazardous Statements - Health**

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# **Precautionary Statements - General**

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
- P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
- P261 Avoid breathing mist, vapors or spray.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

- P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
- P403 + P405 Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS						
CAS Chemical Name % By Weight						
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	23% - 39%				
0068476-86-8	Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	23% - 38%				
0000142-82-5	N-HEPTANE	18% - 30%				
0063148-62-9	SILICONE	4% - 9%				

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Get medical attention.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

#### **Eye Contact**

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Skin Contact**

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Ingestion

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

# Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed

No data available.

#### **Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**

No data available.

# **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

# **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools. This may result in frothing and increased fire intensity.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

No data available.

#### Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Product is highly flammable and forms explosive mixtures with air, oxygen, and all oxidizing agents. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back.

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated during combustion or decomposition. High temperatures can cause sealed containers to rupture due to a build up of internal pressures. Cool with water.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material; therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

Container could potentially burst or be punctured upon mechanical impact, releasing flammable vapors.

#### **Fire-Fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

# **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

#### **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# **Emergency Procedure**

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

# **Recommended Equipment**

Wear liquid tight chemical protective clothing in combination with positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

#### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal.

# **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### General

Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) cans. Do not stick pins, nails, or any other sharp objects into opening on top of can. Do not spray in eyes. Do not take internally.

# **Ventilation Requirements**

Use in a well-ventilated place.

# **Storage Room Requirements**

Store and use in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 120°F. See product label for additional information.

# **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Eye Protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

#### **Skin Protection**

Use solvent-resistant protective gloves for prolonged or repeated contact.

#### **Respiratory Protection**

Avoid breathing vapors. In restricted areas, use approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particles and vapor. In confined areas, use an approved air line respirator or hood. A self-contained breathing apparatus is required for vapor concentrations above PEL/TLV limits.

#### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Ventilation should be sufficient to prevent inhalation of any vapors.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)
ACETONE	2400	1000				1		250
N-HEPTANE	2000	500				1		400
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	2000	500				1		

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)
ACETONE			500	A4	URT & eye irr; CNS impair	A4; BEI	590	250
N-HEPTANE			500		CNS impair; URT irr		350	85
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened								

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
ACETONE			

N-HEPTANE		
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened		

<sup>(</sup>C) - Ceiling limit, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density	5.70 lb/gal
Density VOC	3.37 lb/gal
% VOC	59%
Appearance	Colorless
Odor Threshold	N.A.
Odor Description	Slight Solvent
рН	N.A.
Water Solubility	N.A.
Flammability	N.A.
Vapor Pressure	N.A.
Flash Point	N.A.
Viscosity	N.A.
Lower Explosion Level	N.A.
Upper Explosion Level	N.A.
Vapor Density	N.A.
Melting Point	N.A.
Freezing Point	N.A.
Low Boiling Point	N.A.
High Boiling Point	N.A.
Decomposition Pt	N.A.
Auto Ignition Temp	N.A.
Evaporation Rate	Slower than ether

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# **Stability**

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

# **Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature and contact with incompatible materials.

Dropping containers may cause bursting.

# **Incompatible Materials**

Avoid strong oxidizers, reducers, acids, and alkalis.

# **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

Will not occur.

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

No data available.

# **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Causes skin irritation.

# **Likely Route of Exposure**

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption.

#### **Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Causes serious eye irritation.

# Carcinogenicity

No data available.

#### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

No data available.

#### **Reproductive Toxicity**

No data available.

# **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

No data available.

#### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

No data available.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Acute Toxicity**

No data available.

#### **Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous**

# 0000067-64-1 ACETONE

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

#### 0000142-82-5 N-HEPTANE

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, respiratory system, skin. May cause central nervous system effects such as dizziness, headache, nausea, and loss of consciousness. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage.

#### 0000142-82-5 N-HEPTANE

LC50 (rat): approximately 25000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 103 g/m3 (4-hour exposure) (6)

LD50 (oral, rat): Greater than 15000 mg/kg (4)

#### 0000067-64-1 ACETONE

LC50 (male rat): 30000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 71000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)

LC50 (male mouse): 18600 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 44000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)

LD50 (oral, female rat): 5800 mg/kg (24)

LD50 (oral, mature rat): 6700 mg/kg (cited as 8.5 mL/kg) (31)

LD50 (oral, newborn rat): 1750 mg/kg (cited as 2.2 mL/kg) (31)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 3000 mg/kg (32,unconfirmed)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 16000 mg/kg cited as 20 mL/kg) (30)

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# **Toxicity**

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasing effects.

# **Persistence and Degradability**

No data available.

# **Bio-Accumulative Potential**

No data available.

# **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

#### **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# **Waste Disposal**

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

# **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	U.S. DOT Information	IMDG Information	IATA Information
UN number:	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
Proper shipping name:	Aerosols	Aerosols	Aerosols, flammable
Hazard class:	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packaging group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Hazardous substance (RQ):	No Data Available		
Marine Pollutant:	No Data Available	No Data Available	
Note / Special Provision:	(LTD QTY)	(LTD QTY)	(LTD QTY)
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:	No Data Available		

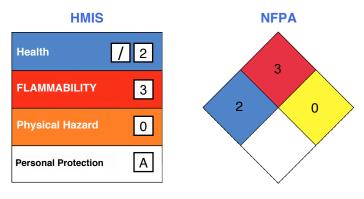
# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	23% - 39%	CERCLA, SARA312, TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, OSHA
0068476-86-8	Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	23% - 38%	SARA312, TSCA, OSHA
0000142-82-5	N-HEPTANE	18% - 30%	SARA312, VOC,TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
0063148-62-9	SILICONE	4% - 9%	SARA312, TSCA

# **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

# Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.



(\*) - Chronic effects

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